FULTON COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

786 Cleveland Avenue SW Atlanta, Georgia 30315

FULTON COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

TABLE OF CONTENTS

FINANCIAL SECTION

Independent Auditor's Report	1 and 2
Management's Discussion and Analysis	3 - 12
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Assets	13
Statement of Activities	14
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	15
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the	
Statement of Net Assets	16
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund	
Balances – Governmental Funds	17
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues,	
Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to	
the Statement of Activities	18
General Fund – Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	
Fund Balances – Budget (Non-GAAP) and Actual	19
Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets - Fiduciary Funds	20
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets-Pension Trust Fund	21
Notes to Financial Statements	22 - 44
Required Supplementary Information:	
Fulton County School Employees Pension -	
Schedules of Funding Progress and Employer Contributions	45
Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules:	
Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds	46
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund	
Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds	47
Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	48 and 49
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund	
Balances - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	50 and 51
Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	52
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund	
Balances - Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	53
Schedule of Expenditures of Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax	
Schedule of Lottery Expenditures - By Object	
Schedule of Quality Basic Education Program Earnings and Expenditures – By Prog	gram56

The Management's Discussion and Analysis and Schedules of Funding Progress and Employer Contributions (on pages 3 through 12 and 46) are not a required part of the basic financial statements, but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Fulton County Board of Education's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Mauldin & Jenkins, LLC

Atlanta, Georgia June 14, 2007

FULTON COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

As management of the Fulton County Board of Education (the "School System"), we offer readers of the financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the School System for the year ended June 30, 2006. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School System's financial performance as a whole. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School System's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2006 are as follows:

- In total, net assets increased \$105.5 million, which is an increase of 10.1 percent over 2005. The total increase was due to governmental activities since the School System has no business-type activities.
- ➤ General revenues totaled \$592.0 million or 65.0 percent of total revenues, and program specific revenues in the form of charges for services, grants and contributions accounted for \$318.3 million or 35.0 percent of the total fiscal year 2006 revenues.
- > The School System had \$804.7 million in expenses related to governmental activities of which \$318.3 million were offset by program specific charges for services or grants and contributions. General revenues (primarily taxes) of \$592.0 million were adequate to provide for the remaining costs of these programs.
- Among major funds, the General Fund had \$697.0 million in fiscal year 2006 revenues, primarily from local taxes and state Quality Basic Education program (QBE) funding, and \$675.8 million in expenditures. The General Fund's fund balance increased from \$110.7 million to \$134.5 as of June 30, 2006.
- > The School System's long-term debt decreased by \$14.5 million due to the retirement of outstanding school system bonds as scheduled and the annual payment on the long-term TRS transfer debt.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the Fulton County Board of Education as a financial whole, or as an entire operating entity.

Reporting the School System as a Whole

Government-wide financial statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the School System's finances in a manner similar to private-sector business. While this document contains a large number of funds used by the School System to provide programs and activities, the view of the School System as a whole, in the government-wide financial statements, looks at all financial transactions and asks the question "How did we do financially during 2006?" The Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into consideration all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole School System, presenting both an aggregate view of the School System's finances and a longer-term view of those finances.

The Statement of Net Assets presents information on all of the School System's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the School System is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the School System's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event has given rise to the change that has occurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. uncollected taxes and earned but unused compensated absences).

In the statement of net assets and the statement of activities, the School System has one distinct type of activity:

➤ Governmental Activities – all of the School System's programs and services are reported here including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, transportation, construction, food service, after school programs and various others.

Reporting the School System's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial reports provide the next level of financial detail. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The School System uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the school system can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds. Most of the School System's activities are reported in the governmental funds. These include the general fund, special revenue grant funds, capital projects – regular, state capital outlay and Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (SPLOST) funds, and debt service funds. The *fund financial statements* also look at the School System's most significant funds with all other non-major funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the Fulton County Board of Education, the General Fund is by far the most significant fund. The other major funds are the 1997 SPLOST Capital Projects fund, and the 2002 SPLOST Capital Projects fund.

For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. These funds are reported using the modified accrual basis of accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School System's general governmental operation and the

services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the School System as trustee, or fiduciary, for others. In Fulton County, these are the school clubs and organizations within the principals' accounts, and the Fulton County School Employees' Pension Fund. The school system is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. The school system excludes these activities from the district-wide financial statements because it cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and the fund financial statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The Fulton County Board of Education's assets exceeded liabilities by \$1.154 billion as of June 30, 2006. By far the largest portion of the school system's net assets reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land and improvements, buildings and improvements, vehicles, furniture and equipment and construction in progress), less any related outstanding debt that was used to acquire those assets. While these assets are used to provide services to our students, the assets are not available for future spending. Also, while capital assets are reported net of related debt, the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The perspective of the Statement of Net Assets is of the School System as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the School System's net assets for 2006 and 2005.

Table 1
Net Assets
(In thousands)

	 2005	 2006
Assets		
Current and Other Assets	\$ 299,682	\$ 407,301
Net Pension Benefit	16,010	15,253
Capital Assets, Net	1,130,048	 1,165,244
Total Assets	1,445,740	 1,587,798
Liabilities		
Current and Other Liabilities	144,488	198,448
Long-Term Liabilities	252,350	234,930
Total Liabilities	 396,838	 433,378
Net Assets		
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	914,153	961,504
Restricted	74,070	201,136
Unrestricted	60,679	(8,220)
Total Net Assets	\$ 1,048,902	\$ 1,154,420

Table 2 Change in Net Assets

(In thousands)

Table 2 shows the changes in net assets for fiscal year 2006 and 2005.

	 2005	 2006
Revenues		
Program Revenues		
Charges for Services and Sales	\$ 25,965	\$ 23,302
Operating Grants and Contributions	250,293	288,150
Capital Grants and Contributions	 5,070	 6,848
Total Program Revenues	 281,328	318,300
General Revenues		
Property Taxes	403,623	447,270
Sales Tax		
Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax		
for Capital Projects	114,530	130,792
Gain on Sale of Capital Assets	-	55
Investment Earnings	7,205	13,844
Total General Revenues	525,358	591,961
Total Revenues	 806,686	910,261
Program Expenses		
Instruction	512,582	543,575
Support Services		
Pupil Services	30,314	30,272
Improvement of Instructional Services	13,928	16,960
Educational Media Services	16,376	16,615
General Administration	2,612	2,126
School Administration	27,296	28,671
Business Administration	4,486	10,019
Maintenance and Operation of Facilities	54,514	57,589
Student Transportation Services	32,138	36,841
Central Support Services	11,954	12,027
Other Support Services	1,303	1,346
Food Service	31,492	34,649
Interest on Long Term Debt	 14,453	14,053
Total Expenses	753,448	804,743
Increase in Net Assets	 53,238	 105,518
Net Assets - Beginning of Year	 995,664	1,048,902
Net Assets - Ending of Year	\$ 1,048,902	\$ 1,154,420

Instruction comprises 67.6 percent of governmental program expenses. Interest expense was 1.7 percent and was attributable to outstanding bonds from previous bond issues for capital projects, and interest on the TRS transfer debt. General administrative expenses (general administration and business administration) were 1.5 percent of total governmental program expenses.

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. Table 3 shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the netcost of services for 2006 and 2005. That is, it shows the net cost of the services supported by local tax revenues and unrestricted other local revenues and state entitlements.

Table 3
Governmental Activities
(In thousands)

_		2005	2006				
_	Total	Net	Total	Net			
Instruction \$	512,582	\$ (319,703)	\$ 543,575	\$ (317,030)			
Support Services							
Pupil Services	30,314	(21,772)	30,272	(22,327)			
Improvement of Instructional Services	13,928	(7,676)	16,960	(8,779)			
Educational Media Services	16,376	(11,931)	16,615	(11,513)			
General Administration	2,612	(1,073)	2,126	(775)			
School Administration	27,296	(18,088)	28,671	(18,614)			
Business Administration	4,486	(4,301)	10,019	(9,821)			
Maintenance and Operation of Facilities	54,514	(39,641)	57,589	(42,160)			
Student Transportation Services	32,138	(18,869)	36,841	(25,677)			
Central Support Services	11,954	(11,615)	12,027	(11,731)			
Other Support Services	1,303	(518)	1,346	(260)			
Food Services	31,492	(2,479)	34,649	(3,703)			
Interest on Long Term Debt	14,453	(14,453)	14,053	(14,053)			
Total Expenses	753,448	\$ (472,119)	\$ 804,743	\$ (486,443)			

While contributions and grants, particularly state QBE funds, are a significant part of the funding for the School System's provision of services to students (39 percent), local tax revenues still provide the majority of the revenues for school system activities.

The School System's Funds

The School System's governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Total governmental funds had revenues and other financing sources of \$944.3 million and expenditures and other financing uses of \$890.3 million. The General Fund had expenditures in excess of revenues of \$21.1 million representing planned use of fund balance for prior year encumbrances. The School System's General Fund is in sound financial position with a year-end fund balance of \$134.5 million.

The 1997 SPLOST Capital Projects Fund had expenditures in excess of revenues of \$4.2 million representing construction of projects with previously collected sales tax. The 1997 SPLOST Capital Projects Fund had a fund balance of \$60.6 million at the end of the year.

The 2002 SPLOST Capital Projects Fund had revenues in excess of expenditures of \$74.9 million. Expenditures were for projects currently under construction or in the planning stages as well as for retirement of outstanding General Obligation bonds. The 2002 SPLOST Capital Projects Fund had a fund balance of \$45.2 million at June 30, 2006.

The School System's Non-major Governmental Funds (Special Revenue, Debt Service, and State and Local Capital Projects) had revenues and other financing sources of \$106.1 million and expenditures and other financing uses of \$123.3 million. These expenditures and other uses represented use of the funds for the specific purposes for which they were provided. The combined fund balance for all Non-major Governmental Funds was \$8.5 million at year-end.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The School System's budget is prepared according to Georgia law. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund. During the course of fiscal year 2006, the School System amended its General Fund budget as needed. The School System uses site-based budgeting and management. The budgeting systems are designed to provide funding to local schools based on the varying needs of their individual student populations while providing appropriate control of total site budgets and providing necessary flexibility for site management.

For the General Fund, the final budgeted revenue and other financing sources of \$674.0 million exceeded the original budgeted amount of \$663.9 million by \$10.1 million. The actual revenues and other financing sources total of \$689.2 million exceeded the final budgeted amount by \$15.2 million. The increase was primarily due to slightly higher than expected state revenues, and additional federal funds for Hurricane Katrina relief.

The General Fund's final budgeted expenditures and other financing uses of \$700.5 million exceeded the original budgeted amount of \$669.9 million by approximately \$30.6 million. The actual expenditures and other financing uses of \$665.3 million were less than the final budgeted amount by approximately \$35.2 million.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal 2006 the School System had \$1,165 billion invested in capital assets, all in governmental activities. Table 4 shows the fiscal 2006 and 2005 year-end balances.

Table 4
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation
(In thousands)

	 2005	 2006		
Land	\$ 125,319	\$ 143,996		
Construction in Progress	1,613	25,752		
Buildings and Improvements	969,968	964,353		
Furniture, Equipment and Vehicles	 33,148	31,143		
Total	\$ 1,130,048	\$ 1,165,244		

The primary increases occurred in land and construction in progress. The School System continues to experience significant growth in student population each year and has had a major construction program ongoing since 1997. Over the nine (9) year period from 1997-98 through fiscal year 2005-06, the School System has collected approximately \$920.3 million from its one percent Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (SPLOST) to fund major capital projects – new schools, renovations and additions to schools and furniture and equipment for new schools and renovations. In March 2002, the voters in Fulton County approved an extension of the one percent SPLOST for five additional years through June 30, 2007. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, the School System collected approximately \$129.3 million from the SPLOST extension. This extension will provide substantial funding for the construction needs of the School System as student growth is expected to continue over the next five years.

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2006, the School System had \$203.7 million in outstanding bonds with \$12.4 million due within one year. The School System also had an accrued pension liability to the Teachers Retirement System of Georgia (TRS) of \$41.1 million resulting from the transfer of eligible Fulton County Board of Education employees from our local retirement plan to TRS in 1988. Of the total due to TRS, \$3.1 million is due within one year. Table 5 summarizes General Obligation bonds, TRS debt, outstanding compensated absences and insurance claims for 2006 and 2005.

Table 5
Debt
(In thousands)

	 2005	 2006		
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 215,895	\$ 203,740		
TRS Transfer Debt	44,239	41,127		
Compensated Absences	27,928	29,516		
Insurance Claims	5,402	4,804		
Other Claims and Judgments	 596	 340		
Total	\$ 294,060	\$ 279,527		

The School System maintains an AA (Standard & Poors) and an Aa2 (Moody's) bond rating.

Current Issues

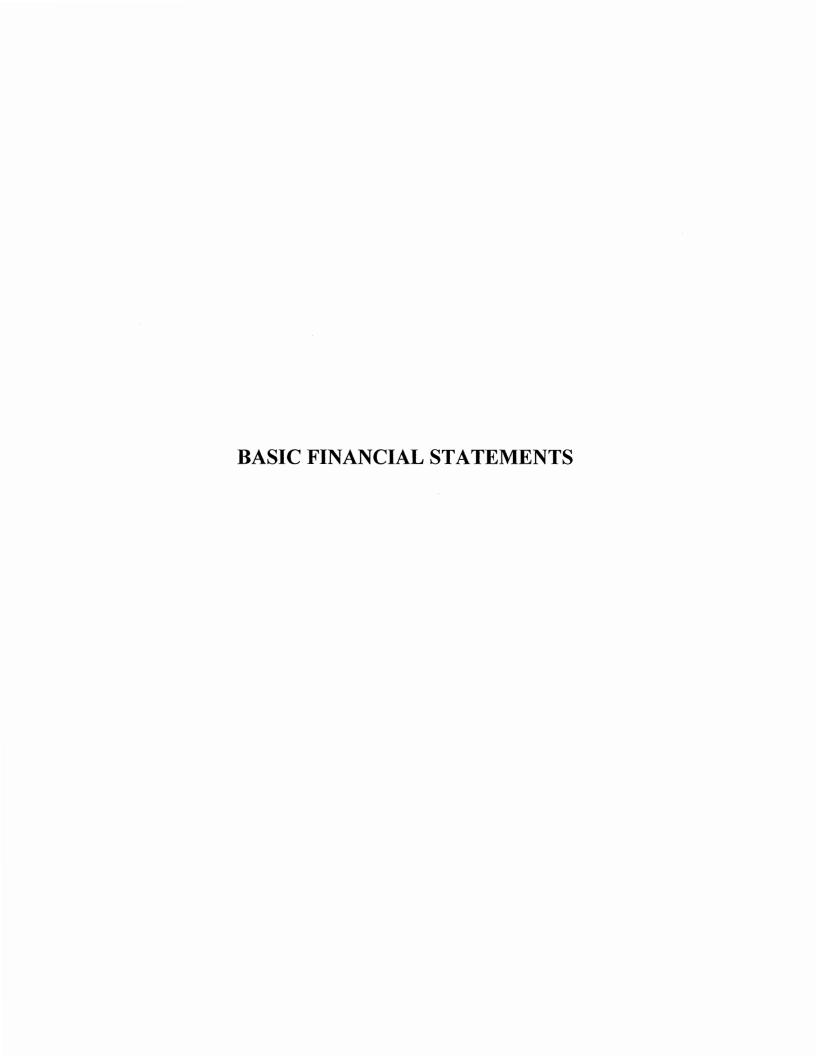
Fulton County and the Fulton County School System have certainly experienced some of the effects of the economic slowdown which began in mid-2002; however, the impact on the School System's financial condition has been minimal to this point. The effect of recessions and unfavorable economic developments on property tax revenues tends to lag behind sales and income tax collections. Since the School System's primary revenue source is property tax, our funding has not suffered as badly as the State of Georgia that depends on the more volatile sales and income taxes. Nevertheless, the state's economic difficulties already have impacted the Fulton County School System through funding reductions for fiscal year 2006 and in the adopted state budget for fiscal year 2007. The possibility of further loss of state education funds in fiscal 2007 and succeeding years is a continuing concern to the School System.

While the School System's general operations enjoy some security from a stable property tax base, our Capital Improvement Plan is primarily financed by the one percent SPLOST collections that have fallen below forecasted levels. The under-collection of SPLOST funds is not expected to seriously impact our construction program for the first five years of SPLOST (1997 through 2002) since the shortfall will only be about \$4 – \$5 million and will be offset by interest income to the SPLOST Capital Projects fund. However, the implications for the reauthorized SPLOST (2003 through 2007) will require very careful monitoring and may require some reductions in the scope of our construction plans for that period. At the same time, if the economic recovery is not delayed too long, the renewed economic growth could overcome any currently projected shortfall in SPLOST revenues. As noted earlier, student enrollment growth remains fairly steady and is projected to continue over the next five years, although at a slightly diminished rate. This continued enrollment growth will require the construction of additional schools and classroom space to accommodate these students.

In addition to economic issues and enrollment growth, the School System is committed to improving student achievement in the School System. Providing quality teachers and support staff, lowered class sizes and initiatives to assist under-achieving schools and students have been given priority in our planning and budgeting processes and will require that adequate resources are available and directed appropriately. The School System ended fiscal year 2006 with very sound financial reserves and has adopted a budget for fiscal 2007 that is designed to target our student achievement goals and still maintain adequate reserves.

CONTACTING THE SCHOOL SYSTEM'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the School System's finances and to show the School System's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, contact Michael Russell, Chief Financial Officer, Fulton County Board of Education, 786 Cleveland Avenue, SW, Atlanta, Georgia 30315. You may also e-mail your questions to Russellm@fulton.k12.ga.us.



FULTON COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

JUNE 30, 2006

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Current Assets	
Cash	\$ 322,686,78
Investments	1,070,44
Due from other governments	41,253,17
Due from pension trust fund	69,26
Taxes receivable	38,751,35
Other receivables	979,39
Other assets	14,57
Inventory	2,476,24
Total current assets	407,301,23
Non Current Assets	
Net pension asset	15,253,43
Capital assets, non-depreciable	169,747,23
Capital assets, depreciable (net of accumulated depreciation)	995,496,33
Total non current assets	1,180,497,0
Total assets	1,587,798,24
ABILITIES Current Liabilities	
Accounts payable	13,550,3
Retainage payable	2,795,70
Due to other governments	59,1:
Other payables	9,099,40
Tax anticipation note payable	40,000,00
Accrued interest	4,122,29
Salaries and benefits payable	84,224,1
Pension note due within one year	3,112,0
Compensated absences due within one year	26,563,9
General obligation bonds payable due within one year	12,380,00
Workers compensation claims due within one year	2,401,98
Other claims and judgments due within one year	139,00
Total current liabilities	198,448,13
Long-term liabilities, net of current portion	
Pension note due in more than one year	38,015,11
Compensated absences due in more than one year	2,951,53
General obligation bonds payable due in more than one year	191,360,00
Workers compensation claims due in more than one year	2,401,98
Other claims and judgments due in more than one year	201,50
Total long-term liabilities	234,930,15
Total liabilities	433,378,31
ET ASSETS	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	961,503,56
Restricted for capital projects	195,700,06
Restricted for debt service	5,436,72
Unrestricted	(8,220,43
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$ 1,154,419,92

FULTON COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

			Program Revenues	S	Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in
Functions/Program Activities	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Net Assets Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities:					
Instruction	\$ 543,574,479	\$ 2,997,088	\$ 217,726,257	\$ 5,821,141	\$ (317,029,993)
Support services					
Pupil services	30,272,022	-	7,944,563	-	(22,327,459)
Improvement of instructional services	16,959,425	22,475	8,158,182	-	(8,778,768)
Educational media services	16,615,180		4,828,666	273,936	(11,512,578)
General administration	2,125,793	-	1,350,711	-	(775,082)
School administration	28,671,396	-	9,851,863	205,452	(18,614,081)
Business administration	10,019,446	-	198,470	-	(9,820,976)
Maintenance and operation of facilities	57,589,099	104,286	104,286 15,324,657 -		(42,160,156)
Student transportation services	36,840,639	4,812,924	6,351,092	-	(25,676,623)
Central support services	12,027,125	-	296,480	-	(11,730,645)
Other support services	1,345,926	-	1,085,458	-	(260,468)
Food services	34,649,273	15,364,722	15,033,483	547,872	(3,703,196)
Interest on long term debt	14,053,137	-	-	-	(14,053,137)
Total governmental activities	804,742,940	23,301,495	288,149,882	6,848,401	(486,443,162)
		General revenu	ies		
		Property taxe	es		447,269,940
		Sales taxes			130,791,607
		Interest and i	investment earnings		13,844,014
		Gain on sale	of capital assets		55,795
			Total general revenues	5	591,961,356
		Change in net a	assets		105,518,194
			inning of year, restat	ted	1,048,901,732
		Net assets - end	l of year		\$ 1,154,419,926

FULTON COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2006

	 General	 1997 SPLOST Capital Projects		2002 SPLOST Capital Projects	_	Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds
Assets Cash Investments Due from other governments Taxes receivable	\$ 97,168,711 1,070,440 35,074,232 17,154,742	\$ 71,572,416 - -	\$	133,404,087 - - 21,289,903	\$	20,541,570 - 6,178,941 306,714	\$	322,686,784 1,070,440 41,253,173 38,751,359
Due from other funds Other receivables Other assets Inventory	81,302,221 979,397 14,575 2,013,108	- - -		202,800		8,520,998 - - 463,132		90,026,019 979,397 14,575 2,476,240
Total assets	\$ 234,777,426	\$ 71,572,416	\$	154,896,790	\$	36,011,355	\$	497,257,987
Liabilities								
Accounts payable Expired grants payable	\$ 4,980,603	\$ 2,305,685	\$	4,964,138	\$	1,299,965 26,871	\$	13,550,391 26,871
Salaries and benefits payable	78,760,045	-		-		5,464,072		84,224,117
Other payables	7,594,573	-		1,478,022		-		9,072,595
Retainage payable	-	275,639		2,520,128		-		2,795,767
Due to other funds	319,035	8,404,763		60,737,559		20,495,394		89,956,751
Due to other governments	-	-		-		59,130		59,130
Tax anticipation note payable	•	-		40,000,000		-		40,000,000
Deferred revenue	 8,578,957	 -	-		_	177,341		8,756,298
Total liabilities	 100,233,213	 10,986,087		109,699,847	_	27,522,773	_	248,441,920
Fund Balances Reserved for:								
Encumbrances	19,552,400	16,191,681		48,746,194		1,507,423		85,997,698
Capital projects	19,552,100	64,796,191		130,903,872		1,507,425		195,700,063
Debt service	-	-		-		5,436,725		5,436,725
School activities	2,248,241	-		-		-		2,248,241
Unreserved:	, ,							
Designated for debt service Undesignated, reported in:	5,108,782	-		-		-		5,108,782
General fund	107,634,790	_		_		_		107,634,790
Special revenue funds	107,034,770	_		_		16,926,894		16,926,894
Capital projects funds	_	(20,401,543)		(134,453,123)		(15,385,689)		(170,240,355)
Permanent fund	 	-		-		3,229	_	3,229
Total fund balances	 134,544,213	60,586,329		45,196,943		8,488,582		248,816,067
Total liabilities								
and fund balances	\$ 234,777,426	\$ 71,572,416	\$	154,896,790	\$	36,011,355	\$	497,257,987

FULTON COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

JUNE 30, 2006

Total fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 248,816,067
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds.	1,165,243,568
Net pension benefit in governmental activities is not a financial resource and therefore is not reported as an asset in governmental funds.	15,253,436
Property taxes receivable levied for the current and prior years and not collected within sixty days of year-end are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures, and, therefore, are reported as	
deferred revenue in the funds. Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Long-term liabilities at year end consist of:	8,756,298
Bonds payable Pension obligation payable Accrued interest on bonds Compensated absences payable Claims payable	(203,740,000) (41,127,176) (4,122,291) (29,515,502) (5,144,474)
Total net assets - governmental activities	\$ 1,154,419,926

FULTON COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

	 General		1997 SPLOST Capital Projects		2002 SPLOST Capital Projects		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES									
State funds	\$ 224,824,762	\$	330,278	\$	-	\$	12,783,814	\$	237,938,854
Federal funds	6,705,384		-		-		49,247,443		55,952,827
On behalf payments	10,666,232		-		-		-		10,666,232
Local and other funds	 454,766,470		3,077,164		132,785,971	_	23,321,999		613,951,604
Total revenues	 696,962,848	_	3,407,442		132,785,971	_	85,353,256		918,509,517
EXPENDITURES									
Current									
Instruction	472,639,079		-		-		31,009,210		503,648,289
Support services									
Pupil services	25,731,942		-		-		4,266,481		29,998,423
Improvement of instructional services	10,634,072		-		-		5,461,533		16,095,605
Educational media services	14,593,228		-		-		-		14,593,228
General administration	1,007,961		-		-		1,085,350		2,093,311
School administration	27,417,964		-		-		-		27,417,964
Business administration	9,506,082		-		•		-		9,506,082
Maintenance and operation of facilities	56,401,257		-		-		-		56,401,257
Student transportation services	30,562,880		-		-		283,417		30,846,297
Central support services	11,506,453		-		•		-		11,506,453
On behalf payments	10,666,232		-		-		-		10,666,232
Other support services	132,528		-		-		1,197,161		1,329,689
Food services	-		-		-		31,020,305		31,020,305
Capital outlay	-		7,641,976		57,863,034		24,445,155		89,950,165
Debt Service									
Principal retirement	3,112,058		-		-		12,155,000		15,267,058
Interest and fees	 1,903,614		-		-	_	12,356,465	_	14,260,079
Total expenditures	 675,815,350		7,641,976		57,863,034	_	123,280,077		864,600,437
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over (under) expenditures	 21,147,498		(4,234,534)		74,922,937		(37,926,821)		53,909,080
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):									
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	67,640		-		-		-		67,640
Transfers in	5,015,672		-		-		20,706,387		25,722,059
Transfers out	 (2,374,544)		(13,674,955)		(9,672,560)	_	-	_	(25,722,059)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 2,708,768		(13,674,955)		(9,672,560)	_	20,706,387		67,640
Net change in fund balances	 23,856,266	_	(17,909,489)		65,250,377	_	(17,220,434)		53,976,720
Fund balances, beginning of year, restated	 110,687,947		78,495,818		(20,053,434)		25,709,016		194,839,347
Total Marian and Comme	124 544 212	•	(0.59/.222	ď.	45 107 012	•	0.400.500	•	240.017.27
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 134,544,213	\$	60,586,329	\$	45,196,943	\$	8,488,582	\$	248,816,067

FULTON COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 53,976,720
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, for governmental activities those costs are shown in the statement of net assets and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation expense in the statement of activities. Depreciation expense Capital outlays	(33,901,885) 69,115,981
In the Statement of Activities, gains and losses on sales/disposition of capital assets are reported, whereas in the governmental funds, the proceeds from sales are reported. Thus, the change in net assets differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of those assets, less related accumulated depreciation.	(18,779)
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets.	12,155,000
Repayment of long-term pension obligation is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets.	3,112,058
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenue in the funds.	2,362,054
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	
Compensated absences Claims and judgments Accrued interest	(1,587,630) 853,897 206,942
Net pension asset Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$ (756,164) 105,518,194

FULTON COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION

GENERAL FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET (NON-GAAP) AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

	 Budget					Variances With	
	 Original Final		Actual		F	Final Budget	
REVENUES							
State sources	\$ 213,214,410	\$	220,530,047	\$	224,824,762	\$	4,294,715
Federal sources	600,000		2,800,000		6,705,384		3,905,384
Local and other sources	450,036,881		450,625,778		452,585,195		1,959,417
Total revenues	663,851,291		673,955,825		684,115,341		10,159,516
EXPENDITURES							
Instruction	471,370,691		480,749,658		470,366,114		10,383,544
Support services							
Pupil services	26,814,893		28,050,704		25,731,942		2,318,762
Improvement of instructional services	10,561,298		11,004,333		10,634,072		370,261
Educational media services	13,538,939		14,787,765		14,593,228		194,537
General administration	799,252		1,010,950		1,007,961		2,989
School administration	27,406,745		27,709,776		27,417,964		291,812
Business administration	6,992,126		10,137,736		9,506,082		631,654
Maintenance and operation of facilities	59,645,256		66,372,064		56,401,257		9,970,807
Student transportation services	31,226,375		35,921,532		30,562,880		5,358,652
Central support services	12,313,899		11,625,639		11,506,453		119,186
Other support services	155,365		147,567		132,528		15,039
Debt service:							
TRS principal retirement	3,112,058		3,112,058		3,112,058		-
TRS interest and fees	1,607,654		1,607,654		1,903,614		(295,960)
Total expenditures	 665,544,551		692,237,436		662,876,153		29,361,283
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures	(1,693,260)		(18,281,611)		21,239,188		39,520,799
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Proceeds from the sale of capital assets	-		-		67,640		67,640
Transfers in	-		-		5,015,672		5,015,672
Transfers out	 (4,329,922)		(8,309,739)		(2,374,544)		5,935,195
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (4,329,922)		(8,309,739)		2,708,768		11,018,507
Net change in fund balances	\$ (6,023,182)	\$	(26,591,350)	\$	23,947,956	\$	50,539,306

FULTON COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2006

	Pension Trust Fund	Agency Fund Club and Athletics Fund
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 8,444,327	\$ 3,865,205
Investments at fair value	169,564,869	-
Other receivables	565,241	308,668
Total assets	178,574,437	4,173,873
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	22,637	512,686
Due to other funds	69,268	-
Due to student groups		3,661,187
Total liabilities	91,905	4,173,873
Net Assets		
Reserved for retirement benefits	\$ 178,482,532	\$ -
(A Schedule of Funding Progress is presented on page 45)	7	

FULTON COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS PENSION TRUST FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

Additions	
Contributions:	
Employer	\$ 23,608,836
Plan members	 4,030,546
Total contributions	27,639,382
Investment income:	
Interest	1,943,363
Net decrease in the fair value of investments	 11,066,296
Total investment income	13,009,659
Less investment expense	 390,993
Net investment income	12,618,666
Total additions	 40,258,048
Deductions	
Benefit payments	22,003,954
Administrative expense	815,956
Refunds	1,008,190
Other	 300,281
Total deductions	 24,128,381
Increase in net assets	16,129,667
Net assets, beginning of year	162,352,865
Net assets, end of year	\$ 178,482,532

FULTON COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of Fulton County Board of Education (the "School System") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("USGAAP") as applicable to governmental units. The more significant of the School System's accounting policies are summarized below.

1. Reporting Entity

The School System is governed by an elected seven-member board (the "Board"). Board members are elected by the public and have the authority to make decisions, the power to approve selection of management personnel, the ability to significantly influence operations, and the primary accountability for fiscal matters. The Board determines the millage rate at which school taxes are levied and may incur bonded indebtedness with voters' approval. The School System has one blended component unit, the Fulton County School Employees' Pension Fund (the "Pension Fund") which is governed by a separate board of directors. Although the Pension Fund is legally separate from the School System, the Pension Fund is reported as a part of the primary government because its primary purpose is to provide retirement benefits to the employees of the School System and because the Pension Fund is fiscally dependent on the School System. Separate financial statements of the Pension Fund can be obtained at 786 Cleveland Avenue, Atlanta, Georgia 30315.

The School System is not considered a component unit of any other governmental reporting entity.

2. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the School System. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The School System does not consider any of its activities to be business-type activities.

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements - Continued

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to those who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

3. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting as are the fiduciary fund financial statements. Agency funds have no measurement focus; however, they use the accrual basis of accounting to recognize receivables and payables. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the period for which they were levied, if they are collected within 60 days of year end. All other revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within one year of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, sales taxes, grant revenue, state Quality Basic Education (QBE) revenue and investment income associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the School System.

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

3. <u>Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation - Continued</u>

The School System reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the School System's primary operating fund. The General Fund is used to account for all financial transactions of the School System except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The 1997 SPLOST Capital Projects Fund accounts for resources which are used exclusively for acquiring school sites, constructing and equipping new school facilities, and renovating existing facilities. The major revenue source is proceeds from sales taxes.

The 2002 SPLOST Capital Projects Fund accounts for resources which are used for acquiring school sites, constructing and equipping new school facilities, and renovating existing facilities. The major revenue source is sales tax revenue.

Additionally, the School System reports the following nonmajor fund types:

- Special Revenue Funds account for federal and state funded grants. These grants are awarded to the School System for the purpose of accomplishing specific tasks as defined in the grant agreements. These funds also contain several locally funded programs whose expenditures are limited to specific purposes.
- Capital Projects Funds account for local and state financial resources set aside to be used for acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.
- **Debt Service Fund** accounts for taxes (property and sales) legally restricted for the payment of general long-term obligation principal, interest and paying agent's fees.

The School System reports the following fiduciary fund types:

- Permanent Fund account for assets held by the School System in a trustee capacity.
- Agency Funds account for assets held by the School System as an agent for various funds, governments, school clubs or individuals.
- **Pension Trust Fund** account for resources accumulated from pension benefits within a defined benefit plan.

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

3. <u>Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation</u> - Continued

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The School System has neither business-type activities nor enterprise funds. Therefore, the School System has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the School System's school food service program and the General Fund. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges for services provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the School System's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

4. Investments

Investments are reported at fair value based upon quoted market prices.

5. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventory is valued at cost (weighted average method) and consists of expendable supplies held for consumption. Inventory is recorded on the consumption method whereby an expense is recorded at the time the inventory items are used.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

6. Receivables and Payables

During the course of its operations, the School System makes transfers between funds to finance operations, provide services, acquire assets, and service debt. To the extent that certain transfers between funds had not been received as of year end, balances of interfund amounts receivable or payable have been recorded.

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Receivables such as property taxes are shown net of an allowance for estimated uncollectible amounts.

7. Net Pension Asset

The amount reported as net pension asset is the cumulative difference between annual pension cost and the School System's contributions to the Plan.

8. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets, are reported in the governmental activities in the government-wide statement of net assets and depreciated over their estimated useful lives in the government-wide statement of activities. Capital assets are defined by the School System as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. However, all additions to land and buildings are capitalized. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend lives are not capitalized. Interest costs incurred during construction of capital assets are not capitalized.

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	<u>Years</u>
Buildings and improvements	15-50
Furniture, equipment and vehicles	5-15

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

9. Compensated Absences

School System employees can earn annual vacation leave based on length of service, up to a maximum of 20 days after 10 years of service. Annual vacation leave may be accumulated up to a maximum of 60 days. Sick and personal leave is accrued at 1.25 to 2 days per month, and may be accumulated, up to 20 days per year, with a maximum accumulation of 120 days. If an employee retires from the School System with a minimum of 10 years of service, the School System will pay the employee for one-half of their accumulated sick and personal leave, up to 40 days (a total of 80 days of accumulated leave). All annual and sick leave is accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

10. Deferred Revenues

The government-wide financial statements use the accrual basis of accounting and revenue is recognized when earned. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the fiscal year for which they are levied. Deferred revenues reported in governmental fund financial statements represent unearned revenues or revenues which are measurable but not available and, in accordance with the modified accrual basis of accounting, are reported as deferred revenues.

11. Long-Term Obligations:

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net assets.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types report the face amount of debt issued as other financing sources. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from actual proceeds, are reported as debt service expenditures.

12. Fund Equity/Net Assets

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans for future use of financial resources. The deficits in the 2002 SPLOST Capital Projects Fund (\$20,053,434), the Charter School Special Revenue Fund (\$91,554), the Other Federal Grants Special Revenue Fund (\$5,005), and the 1998 Local Capital Project Fund (\$15,385,689) will be eliminated with transfers from the General Fund.

In the Statement of Net Assets, equity is reported as net assets and consists of amounts invested in capital assets, net of related debt, amounts restricted by outside parties for specific purposes and unrestricted amounts.

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

13. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

14. Prior Period Adjustments

Cananal Fund

Governmental Funds - Prior Period Adjustment:

The School System has determined that restatements of the General Fund and 2002 SPLOST Fund's fund balances are required to reflect the omission of accounts payable not recorded in the previous year.

This restatement impacts the fund level statements of the General Fund and 2002 SPLOST Capital Projects Fund by decreasing fund balances by \$1,254,030 and \$642,367, respectively.

Fund balance, June 30, 2005, as previously reported	\$ 111,941,977
Omission of liabilities	 (1,254,030)
Fund balance, June 30, 2005, restated	\$ 110,687,947
2002 SPLOST Capital Projects Fund Fund balance, June 30, 2005, as previously reported	\$ (19,411,067)
Omission of liabilities	 (642,367)
Fund balance, June 30, 2005, restated	\$ (20,053,434)

14. Prior Period Adjustments - Continued

Governmental Activities - Prior Period Adjustment:

The School System has determined that a restatement of Governmental Activities' net assets is required to reflect the correction of an omission of bi-weekly employees' compensated absences from the total calculation of compensated absences. As a result of this adjustment and the above fund level adjustments, the beginning net assets of Governmental Activities have been decreased by a total of \$3,890,629.

Total Prior Period Adjustments Net Assets, June 30, 2005, restated	 (3,890,629) 1,048,901,732
Adjustment for liabilities - 2002 SPLOST Fund Adjustment for compensated absences (long-term debt)	 (642,367) (1,994,232)
Adjustment for liabilities - General Fund	(1,254,030)
Net Assets, June 30, 2005, as previously reported	\$ 1,052,792,361

NOTE B – LEGAL COMPLIANCE - BUDGETS

Budgetary Data. The School System adopted an annual budget for its General Fund, Debt Service Fund, and Special Revenue Funds. The budget is prepared in accordance with provisions of the Quality Basic Education Act, OCGA Section 20-2-167. After the Board of Education has tentatively adopted the budget, such budget is advertised at least one time in a local newspaper of general circulation. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen's comments. After consideration of the citizen's comments, the budget is revised as necessary and adopted as the final budget by the Board.

The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget (Non-GAAP) and Actual presents actual and budget data for the General Fund. To facilitate comparison with the budget, adjustments have been made to actual revenues and expenditures to reflect actual amounts on the budget basis. The primary differences between the budget basis and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("USGAAP") are:

- a. Principals' funds revenues and expenditures are not budgeted.
- b. Payments made by the State of Georgia for School System employee benefits are recognized as revenues and expenditures under USGAAP, but are not recognized on the budget basis.

NOTE B – LEGAL COMPLIANCE – BUDGETS (CONTINUED)

Adjustments necessary to convert the General Fund's net change in fund balance from the USGAAP basis to the budgetary basis are as follows:

USGAAP basis net change in fund balance	\$ 23,856,266
Adjustments for:	
Principals' funds revenue	(2,181,275)
Principals' funds expenditures	2,272,965
State paid employee benefit revenue	(10,666,232)
State paid employee benefit expenditures	 10,666,232
Budget basis net change in fund balance	\$ 23,947,956

For the year ended June 30, 2006, there were no actual expenditures on the budgetary basis that exceeded the budgeted amounts for any departments.

NOTE C - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

1. Deposits and Investments

Credit Risk – State statutes authorize the School System to invest in: obligations of the United States, the State of Georgia and other political subdivisions of the State of Georgia, and other states; prime bankers' acceptances; repurchase agreements; and the Georgia local government investment pool (Georgia Fund 1). Georgia Fund 1, created by OCGA 36-83-8, is a stable net asset value investment pool which follows Standard and Poor's criteria for AAAm rated money market funds. However, Georgia Fund 1 operates in a manner consistent with Rule 2a-7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940 and is considered to be a 2a-7 like pool. The pool is not registered with the SEC as an investment company. The pool's primary objectives are safety of capital, investment income, liquidity and diversification while maintaining principal (\$1.00 per share value). Net asset value is calculated weekly to ensure stability. The pool distributes earnings (net of management fees) on a monthly basis and determines participant's shares sold and redeemed based on a \$1.00 per share value. The fair value of the School System's position in the pool is the same as the value of pool shares (\$1 per share value). The regulatory oversight agency for Georgia Fund 1 is the Office of Treasury and Fiscal Services of the State of Georgia. The School System has classified the Georgia Fund 1 funds as cash and cash equivalents. Therefore, cash includes \$235,525,356 in the Georgia Fund 1. As of June 30, 2006, the Georgia Fund 1 had a weighted average maturity of 28 days and a credit rating of AAAm.

NOTE C – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

1. Deposits and Investments - Continued

GEAP was also created under the OCGA 36-83-8, but investments are restricted to those enumerated by OCGA 50-5A-7 and Chapter 17 of Title 50. GEAP is managed by the State of Georgia as a variable net asset value fund. These funds are managed similarly to the management of the Georgia Fund 1 accounts. GEAP is available to all public entities that have a minimum of \$1,000,000 in funds available for investment for a period of one (1) year or longer. The value of an investment in GEAP will fluctuate over time, and it is possible to lose money by investing in the fund. Investments in this fund are not guaranteed or insured by any bank, the FDIC, the State of Georgia or any other government agency. As of June 30, 2006, the School System's investment in the Georgia Extended Asset Pool was rated AAAf by Standard & Poor's.

At June 30, 2006, the School System had the following investments:

Investment Maturities		Fair Value		
GEAP	.97 weighted average	\$	1,070,440	

Interest Rate Risk – The School System's surplus funds management policy does not formally limit investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits – Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. State statutes require all deposits and investments (other than federal and state government instruments) to be collateralized by depository insurance, obligations of the U.S. government, or bonds of public authorities, counties, or municipalities. As of June 30, 2006, \$1,852,929 of the School System's bank balance was uninsured or uncollateralized.

Foreign Credit Risk – The LGIP (Georgia Fund 1), and GEAP have no exposure to foreign currency risk. State law does not allow the LGIP or GEAP to invest in securities that may have foreign currency risk.

Pension Fund

As of June 30, 2006, the balance of Pension Fund investments, \$169,564,869, is invested based on a separate policy for pension assets adopted by the Pension Fund Board in compliance with State law. The Pension Fund assets are invested in domestic common stocks, international stocks, and domestic bonds based on asset allocation ranges and performance benchmarks.

NOTE C – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

1. Deposits and Investments - Continued

Pension Fund - Continued

			Duration	Credit
Investment]	Fair Value	(Years)	Quality
U.S. Treasury Notes (government issues)	\$	9,997,560	2.58 - 9.08	AAA
Corporate Bonds (convertible bonds)		6,570	3	D
U.S. Mutual Funds		141,429,439		
Foreign Currency		3,057		
Real Estate Investment Trust		638,162		
STIF - Type Instrument (StateStreet Bank & Trust)		726,165		
Corporate Equities		16,763,916		
Total	\$	169,564,869		

Interest Rate Risk – The Pension Fund investment policy adopts the following asset mix to achieve the lowest level of risk for the plan: Equity Securities between 30% and 60%, and Fixed Income Securities between 40% and 70%. U.S. Government/Agencies are not classified by credit quality. Corporate equities are not impacted by changes in interest rates.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits – Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the School System may not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At year-end, the Pension Fund had deposits with a bank balance of \$9,332,042; the carrying amount for these deposits was \$8,444,327. At June 30, 2006, the Pension Fund had no bank balances exposed to custodial credit risk.

Credit Risk – The Pension Fund policy prohibits investments in direct real estate, and no more than 60% (at cost) of Pension Fund assets shall be invested in equities. It is the Pension Fund's policy to limit investments in common or preferred stock of a corporation to those corporations listed on one or more of the recognized national stock exchanges in the United States, or those traded on the NASDAQ National Market. The policy also limits stock investments to not more than five (5) percent of cost of the assets of any fund in common or preferred stock of any one issuing corporation and the aggregate investment of any fund in any one issuing corporation shall not exceed three (3) percent of the outstanding capital stock of that corporation. Domestic bonds are limited to those with ratings that meet or exceed S&P's BBB or Moody's Baa ratings.

Foreign Currency Risk – At June 30, 2006, \$3,057 of total Pension Fund investments had exposure of foreign currency risk through investments in foreign companies.

NOTE D - DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

Due from other governments consists of grant reimbursements due from federal, state or other grantors for expenditures made but not yet reimbursed.

NOTE E - TAXES RECEIVABLE

Taxes receivable includes property taxes and sales tax due to the School System. Property taxes for the June 30, 2006 fiscal year were levied on July 20, 2005, based on property values assessed as of January 1, 2005, and are payable on or before October 15, 2005. An interest penalty of 10% per annum is charged on property taxes not paid within 90 days of the due date. Property taxes become an enforceable lien on January 15, 2006.

Property taxes for the June 30, 2007 fiscal year were levied on July 5, 2006, based on property values assessed as of January 1, 2006, and are payable on or before October 15, 2006. An interest penalty of 10% per annum is charged on property taxes not paid within 90 days of the due date. Property taxes become an enforceable lien on January 15, 2007.

NOTE F - CAPITAL ASSETS

Changes in capital assets used in the School System's governmental funds during the year ended June 30, 2006 were as follows:

	Balance June 30, 2005	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2006
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 125,318,794	\$ 18,676,728	\$ -	\$ 143,995,522
Construction in progress	1,613,074	24,138,640		25,751,714
Total capital assets not being				
depreciated	126,931,868	42,815,368		169,747,236
Capital assets being depreciated				
Buildings and improvements	1,231,239,588	23,547,561	-	1,254,787,149
Furniture, equipment and vehicles	70,241,001	2,753,052	1,324,631	71,669,422
Total capital assets being		_		
depreciated	1,301,480,589	26,300,613	1,324,631	1,326,456,571
Less accumulated depreciation for				
Buildings and improvements	261,271,033	29,162,841	-	290,433,874
Furniture, equipment and vehicles	37,093,173	4,739,044	1,305,852	40,526,365
Total accumulated depreciation	298,364,206	33,901,885	1,305,852	330,960,239
Total capital assets being				
depreciated, net	1,003,116,383	(7,601,272)	18,779	995,496,332
Total governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 1,130,048,251	\$ 35,214,096	\$ 18,779	\$ 1,165,243,568

NOTE F – CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

Instruction	\$ 24,132,860
Pupil Services	125,311
Improvement of Instruction	514,682
Educational Media Services	1,228,340
General Administration	16,313
School Administration	736,506
Business Administration	311,391
Maintenance and Operation of Facilities	656,266
Student Transportation Services	3,665,464
Central Support Services	305,046
Other Support Services	8,158
Food Services	2,201,548
	\$ 33,901,885

NOTE G - LONG-TERM DEBT

On November 1, 1991, the School System issued \$133,960,000 of general obligation refunding bonds, Series 1991, with interest payments due semiannually on May 1 and November 1 and principal payments due on May 1 of each year. Interest rates vary from 4.75% to 6.375%. The outstanding balance of these general obligation refunding bonds as of June 30, 2006 is \$80,340,000.

On June 15, 1998, the School System issued \$135,150,000 of general obligation refunding bonds, Series 1998, with interest payments due semiannually on January 1 and July 1 and principal payments due on July 1 of each year. Interest rates vary from 4.0% to 5.5%. The outstanding balance of these general obligation refunding bonds as of June 30, 2006 is \$123,400,000.

On July 1, 1988, eligible participants in the Fulton County School Employees' Pension Fund (the "Fund"), who are employees of the School System, were transferred by status to the Teachers' Retirement System of Georgia ("TRS"). A previously unfunded actuarial liability associated with these employees, in the amount of \$121,370,262 became payable to TRS. This amount is payable in 39 equal annual installments of \$3,112,058 plus interest by June 30 of each year. The principal payments on this obligation commenced on June 30, 1990. Annual interest is computed on the unpaid balance at a rate equal to the average rate of return on TRS fixed income investments during the preceding calendar year but not to exceed 9% per annum. The principal and interest payments will be made by either the School System or the Fund as determined by their governing bodies. Amounts paid by the Fund will reduce the assets of the Fund, thereby increasing future contributions required to be paid by the School System to the Fund for benefits.

NOTE G - LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Principal of \$3,112,058 and interest of \$1,903,614 for the year ended June 30, 2006 was paid by the School System, and are recorded as debt service expenditures in the General Fund. The outstanding balance of this pension note as of June 30, 2006 is \$41,127,176.

The changes in long-term debt during the year ended June 30, 2006, were as follows:

	Restated Balance July 1, 2005		alance uly 1,		Decreases	Balance June 30, 2006		Due Within One Year		
1991 Series general obligation bonds maturing on May 1, 2017, with interest rates ranging from 4.75% to 6.375%	\$	87,025,000	\$	-	\$	6,685,000	\$	80,340,000	\$	6,655,000
1998 Series general obligation bonds maturing on July 1, 2021, with interest rates ranging from 4.0% to 5.5%		128,870,000				5,470,000		123,400,000	_	5,725,000
Total bonds payable		215,895,000	_	<u>.</u>		12,155,000		203,740,000		12,380,000
Workers' compensation insurance claims Other claims and judgments Compensated absences Pension note		5,401,579 596,792 27,927,872 44,239,234		2,098,790 152,500 30,594,996		2,696,395 408,792 29,007,366 3,112,058		4,803,974 340,500 29,515,502 41,127,176		2,401,987 139,000 26,563,952 3,112,058
Governmental activities long-term liabilities	\$	294,060,477	\$	32,846,286	\$	47,379,611	\$	279,527,152	\$	44,596,997

As of June 30, 2006, the School System determined that a prior period adjustment of \$1,994,232 was needed due to the omission of bi-weekly employees' compensated absences from the total calculation of compensated absences in prior years. Therefore, the beginning governmental activities long-term debt increased from \$292,066,245 (from the prior year) to \$294,060,477 (as restated above for June 30, 2005).

Debt service payments on bonds are made by the Debt Service Fund. Compensated absences, workers' compensation claims and pension note payments are primarily paid by the General Fund.

NOTE G - LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

General obligation bonds debt service requirements to maturity, including interest are as follows:

Pa	yment	s due
in	Fiscal	Year

Ending June 30,	 Principal	 Interest		Total
2007	\$ 12,380,000	\$ 11,659,031	\$	24,039,031
2008	12,605,000	10,977,149		23,582,149
2009	13,865,000	10,255,737		24,120,737
2010	15,130,000	9,442,269		24,572,269
2011	15,390,000	8,551,700		23,941,700
2012-2016	78,500,000	29,107,095		107,607,095
2017-2021	 55,870,000	 9,073,425		64,943,425
Total	\$ 203,740,000	\$ 89,066,406	\$	292,806,406

Pension note debt service requirements to maturity, including interest are as follows:

Pa	yments	due
in	Figeal V	/oor

III I ISCUI I CUI						
Ending June 30,		Principal		Interest	Total	
2007	ď	2 112 059	o	1 006 724	σ	5 100 702
2007	\$	3,112,058	\$	1,996,724	\$	5,108,782
2008		3,112,058		1,845,634		4,957,692
2009		3,112,058		1,694,544		4,806,602
2010		3,112,058		1,543,453		4,655,511
2011		3,112,058		1,392,363		4,504,421
2012-2016		15,560,290		4,695,457		20,255,747
2017-2020		10,006,596		1,036,739		11,043,335
Total	\$	41,127,176	\$	14,204,914	\$	55,332,090

NOTE H - OPERATING LEASES

Lessor Agreements

The School System leases certain parcels of land for use by others (cell towers) for varying terms. The leases are accounted for as operating leases and revenues are recorded when earned. Revenue derived from these leases during fiscal year 2006 amounted to \$555,521 and is reported as other local sources in the School System's General Fund.

The following is a schedule of minimum future rentals to be received under operating leases at June 30, 2006:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	General Fund
2007	\$ 615,793
2008	634,224
2009	654,532
2010	670,471
2011	647,584
2012-2016	1,895,927
2017-2021	631,875
2022-2026	342,143
2027-2031	71,410
Total	\$ 6,163,959

NOTE I- SHORT-TERM DEBT

On June 13, 2006, the School System entered into a tax anticipation note (TAN) agreement with a financial institution to issue \$40,000,000 Fulton County School District Short-Term Notes, Series 2006, in anticipation of the proceeds of a one percent sales and use tax for educational purposes to be collected in the year 2006. The TAN had a rate of 4.5% and all interest and principal were due on December 29, 2006.

Activity for the short-term liability for the year ended June 30, 2006, was as follows:

Beginning					Ending
Balance Increases		Decreases	Balance		
\$ -	\$	40,000,000	\$ -	\$	40,000,000

NOTE J- INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

During the course of its operations, the School System makes transfers between funds to finance operations, provide services, acquire assets and service debt. To the extent that certain transfers between funds had not been received as of year end, balances of interfund amounts receivable or payable have been recorded.

The composition of interfund balances as June 30, 2006 is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount		
General Fund	Nonmajor governmental funds	\$ 20,495,394		
General Fund	2002 SPLOST Capital Projects	60,737,559		
2002 SPLOST Capital Projects	General Fund	202,800		
General Fund	Pension Fund	69,268		
Nonmajor governmental funds	1997 SPLOST Capital Projects Fund	8,404,763		
Nonmajor governmental funds	General Fund	116,235		
		\$ 90,026,019		
		These		

balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

The composition of interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2006 is as follows:

From	To	 Amount
General Fund	Nonmajor governmental funds	\$ 2,374,544
1997 SPLOST Capital Projects Fund	Nonmajor governmental funds	13,674,955
2002 SPLOST Capital Projects Fund	Nonmajor governmental funds	4,656,888
2002 SPLOST Capital Projects Fund	General Fund	 5,015,672
		\$ 25,722,059

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that the statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due, and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

NOTE K- RISK MANAGEMENT

The School System is exposed to various risks of loss for claims associated with torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disaster. The School System is self-insured for workers' compensation claims. The School System purchases commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims have not exceeded purchased commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three years. There was no significant reduction in insurance coverage since last fiscal year.

Workers' Compensation Claims

The School System is self-insured for workers' compensation claims. The School System accounts for workers' compensation claims in the General Fund. Workers' compensation claims expenditures and liability are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred, and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. These losses include an estimate of claims that have been incurred but not reported and related claims administration expenses. Changes in the workers' compensation claims liability during the last two fiscal years are as follows:

	npaid claims, ning of fiscal year	Incurred claims (including IBNRs)		Claim payments and changes in estimates		Unpaid claims, end of fiscal year	
2006	\$ 5,401,579	\$	2,098,790	\$	2,696,395	\$	4,803,974
2005	\$ 5,196,266	\$	2,655,630	\$	2,450,317	\$	5,401,579

NOTE L - RETIREMENT PLANS

Teachers Retirement System of Georgia ("TRS")

Plan Description

Substantially all teachers, administrators, and clerical personnel employed by School System are members of the Teachers Retirement System of Georgia, which is a cost-sharing, multiple employer public employee retirement system administered by the TRS Board of Trustees.

NOTE L - RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Teachers Retirement System of Georgia ("TRS") - Continued

Plan Description - Continued

TRS provides retirement and disability benefits, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Title 47, Chapter 3 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the TRS Board of Trustees. The TRS Board of Trustees issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for TRS. That report may be obtained by writing to TRS of Georgia, Two Northside 75, Suite 400, Atlanta GA 30331, or by calling 1-800-352-0650.

A member is eligible for retirement after 30 years of creditable service, regardless of age, or after 10 years of creditable service and attainment of age 60. A member is eligible for early retirement after 25 years of creditable service. If an employee retires under this provision, the benefit will be permanently reduced by the lesser of one-twelfth of 7% for each month below age 60, or 7% for each year or fraction of a year less than 30 years of creditable service. Retirement benefits paid to members are equal to 2% of the average of the member's two consecutive highest paid years of service multiplied by the number of years of creditable service up to 40 years. The normal retirement pension is payable monthly for life. Options are available for distribution of the member's monthly pension at a reduced rate to a designated beneficiary on the member's death.

Retirement benefits also include death and disability benefits whereby the disabled member or surviving spouse is entitled to receive annually an amount equal to the member's service retirement benefit or disability retirement, whichever is greater. The benefit is based on the member's creditable service (minimum of 10 years) and compensation up to the date of death.

Members become fully vested after ten years of service. If a member is terminated with less than ten years of service, no vesting of employer contributions occurs, but the member's contribution is refunded with interest.

Funding Policy

Employees of the School System who are covered by TRS are required to pay 5% of their gross earnings to TRS. The School System makes monthly employer contributions to TRS at rates adopted by the TRS Board of Trustees as advised by their independent actuary. The employer contribution rate was 9.24%, for each of the fiscal years 2006, 2005, and 2004.

NOTE L - RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Teachers Retirement System of Georgia ("TRS") - Continued

Funding Policy - Continued

Total actual and required contributions for the last three years were as follows:

·	2006	2005	2004		
Employer contribution	\$ 39,020,624	\$ 37,016,683	\$ 34,648,981		
Percentage contributed	100%	100%	100%		

Fulton County School Employees' Pension Fund

Plan Description

All full-time School System employees who are not members of TRS are required to participate in the Fulton County School Employees' Pension Fund (the "Fund"), a mandatory defined benefit pension plan established by state statute. All full-time School System personnel employed prior to June 30, 1988 and who were transferred to TRS on July 1, 1988, retained membership in the Fund, as well as potential benefits from the Fund, although primary benefits will be from TRS. All plan participant, actuarial and fund data include these employees as members. The Fulton County School Employees' Pension Fund board administers the Fund. The School System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Fund. The financial reports may be obtained by writing to Fulton County School Employees' Pension Fund, 786 Cleveland, Avenue, SW, Atlanta, Georgia, 30315-7299.

Benefits vest after 10 years of service. Most participants are eligible to receive benefits at 65 and 55 years old with 25 and 30 years of creditable service, respectively, at the time of disability, and at death. Benefits vary based on certain benefit elections made by members.

Funding Policy

The contribution requirements of plan members and the School System are established in accordance with the applicable pension law. Fund members covered under the 1978 law contribute 6.6% of gross salary if beneficiary coverage is elected and 5.6% of gross salary if beneficiary is not elected. Members covered under the 1962 law contribute 6% of gross salary if beneficiary coverage is elected and 5% of gross salary if beneficiary coverage was not elected. Members covered under laws prior to 1962 contribute amounts prescribed in those laws.

NOTE L - RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Fulton County School Employees' Pension Fund - Continued

Funding Policy (Continued)

The School System's contribution is the actuarially determined amount necessary to fund plan benefits; the current rate is 19.62% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and the school system are established and may be amended by the Pension Board. Total contributions to the Plan for the years ended June 30, 2006, 2005 and 2004 were \$23,608,836, \$22,270,600, and \$22,761,000, respectively.

Annual Pension Cost and Net Pension Asset

The School System's annual pension cost and net pension asset at June 30, 2006 are as follows:

Annual required contribution	\$ 23,937,000
Interest on net pension asset	(1,121,000)
Adjustment to annual required contribution	1,549,000
Annual pension cost	24,365,000
Contributions made	(23,608,836)
Decrease in net pension asset	756,164
Net pension asset at beginning of year	16,009,600
Net pension asset at end of year	\$ 15,253,436

NOTE M - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Grant Programs

The School System participates in numerous state and federal grant programs, which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the School System has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, refunds of any amounts received may be required and the collectibility of any related receivable at year-end may be impaired. In the opinion of the School System, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying financial statements for such contingencies.

NOTE M – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (CONTINUED)

Capital Project Construction Contracts

The School System has undertaken a capital improvement program to renovate and expand many of its existing facilities and to build several new facilities. Accordingly, the School System has entered into various long-term construction contracts, some of which are not complete at year-end. As of June 30, 2006, the School System has outstanding contractual commitments totaling approximately \$32,788,938 relating to the construction and expansion of school facilities. Management anticipates that these projects will be funded in forthcoming years through current funds, state grants, property taxes, and revenues from a special local option sales tax.

On March 18, 1997, the voters in Fulton County approved the imposition of a one-percent Special Local Option Sales Tax (SPLOST) for School System capital projects. The SPLOST was implemented July 1, 1997, and remains in effect for up to five years or until the School System has received \$490 million from the tax, whichever occurs earlier. The School System plans to use up to \$439,100,000 for new school additions, renovations, and other construction costs, and furnishing and equipping new and current schools. Also, up to \$70,900,000 will be used to pay debt service costs on bond issues outstanding prior to the imposition of the tax.

On March 19, 2002, the voters in Fulton County approved imposition of a one-percent Special Local Option Sales Tax (SPLOST) for School System capital projects. The SPLOST was implemented July 1, 2002, and remains in effect for up to five years or until the School System has received \$670 million from the tax, whichever occurs earlier. The School System plans to use up to \$525,100,000 for new school additions, renovations, and other construction costs, and furnishing and equipping new and current schools. Also, up to \$43,300,000 will be used to pay debt service costs on bond issues outstanding prior to the imposition of the tax.

Litigation

The School System is involved in a number of legal matters which either have or could result in litigation. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the School System's legal counsel, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the School System.

NOTE N - ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS FOR FRINGE BENEFITS

The School System has recognized revenue and expenditures of \$10,666,232 for health insurance paid on the School System's behalf by the Georgia Department of Education to the Department of Community Health for health insurance of non-certified personnel.

NOTE O – SUBSEQUENT EVENT

On June 13, 2006, the School System entered into a tax anticipation note (TAN) agreement with a financial institution to issue \$40,000,000 Fulton County School District Short-Term Notes, Series 2006, in anticipation of the proceeds of a one percent sales and use tax for educational purposes to be collected in the year 2006. The School System subsequently paid back the principal amount of the TAN and interest on December 29, 2006.

During fiscal year-ended June 30, 2005, the School System advanced \$60,500,000 to the 2002 SPLOST Capital Projects Fund from the General Fund. The advance of \$60,500,000 was subsequently repaid in September 2006.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

FULTON COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

Actuarial Valuation Date	 Actuarial Value of Assets	Li	Entry Age Normal Actuarial Accrued iability (AAL) (b)	_	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UALL) (b - a)	R	inded atio a/b)	 Covered Payroll (d)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b - a)(c))
June 30, 1997	\$ 96,637,000	\$	217,080,000	\$	120,443,000		44.5 %	\$ 133,950,000	89.9 %
June 30, 1999	107,604,000		217,463,000		109,859,000		49.5	134,718,000	81.5
June 30, 2001	120,681,000		269,318,000		148,637,000		44.8	136,736,000	108.7
June 30, 2002	128,307,000		323,490,000		195,183,000		39.7	133,543,000	146.2
June 30, 2004	148,723,000		368,661,000		195,183,000		40.3	130,212,000	168.9
June 30, 2005	161,749,000		374,322,000		212,573,000		43.2	122,019,000	174.2

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

Fiscal Year Ended	Annual Required Contribution	Employer Contribution	Percentage Contributed
June 30, 2001	\$ 12,459,000	\$ 14,560,000	116.9 %
June 30, 2002	16,931,000	17,460,000	103.1
June 30, 2003	20,266,000	19,100,000	94.2
June 30, 2004	19,898,000	22,761,000	114.4
June 30, 2005	23,830,000	22,271,000	93.5
June 30, 2006	23,937,000	23,609,000	98.6

The above information was determined as part of the actuarial valuations at the dates indicated. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows.

t cost
1

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

FULTON COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2006

<u>Assets</u>		Special Revenue Funds		Debt Service Fund		Capital Projects Funds		rmanent Fund .C. Day		Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	20,538,341	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,229	\$	20,541,570
Taxes receivable		-		306,714		-		-		306,714
Due from other governments		6,178,941		-		-		-		6,178,941
Due from other funds		110,039		8,410,959		-		-		8,520,998
Inventory		463,132		-						463,132
Total assets	\$	27,290,453	\$	8,717,673	\$		\$	3,229	\$	36,011,355
Liabilities and Fund Balances										
Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$	1,299,211	\$	-	\$	754	\$	-	\$	1,299,965
Other payables		26,871		-		-		-		26,871
Salaries payable		5,464,072		-		-		-		5,464,072
Deferred revenue		-		177,341		-		-		177,341
Due to other governments		59,130		-		-		-		59,130
Due to other funds		2,006,852		3,103,607		15,384,935		-		20,495,394
Total liabilities		8,856,136		3,280,948		15,385,689		-		27,522,773
Fund balances										
Reserved for encumbrances		1,507,423		-		-		-		1,507,423
Reserved for debt service		-		5,436,725		-		-		5,436,725
Unreserved - undesignated		16,926,894				(15,385,689)		3,229	_	1,544,434
Total fund balances		18,434,317		5,436,725		(15,385,689)		3,229		8,488,582
Total liabilities and	•	27 200 452	e	0.717.673	•		c	2 220	ø	26 011 255
fund balances	\$	27,290,453	<u>\$</u>	8,717,673	\$	-	2	3,229	\$	36,011,355

FULTON COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

	Special Revenue Funds	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Funds	Permanent Fund J.C. Day	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
REVENUES					
State sources	\$ 6,265,691	\$ -	\$ 6,518,123	\$ -	\$ 12,783,814
Federal sources	49,247,443	-	-	-	49,247,443
Local sources and other sources	16,237,535	7,084,459	-	5	23,321,999
Total revenues	71,750,669	7,084,459	6,518,123	5	85,353,256
EXPENDITURES					
Instruction	31,009,210	-	-	-	31,009,210
Support services					
Pupil services	4,266,481	-	-	-	4,266,481
Improvement of					
instructional services	5,461,533	-	-	-	5,461,533
General administration	1,085,350	-	-	-	1,085,350
Student transportation					
services	283,417	-	-	-	283,417
Other support services	1,197,161	-	-	-	1,197,161
Food services operations	31,020,305	-	-	-	31,020,305
Capital outlays	-	-	24,445,155	-	24,445,155
Debt service					
Principal retirement	-	12,155,000	-	-	12,155,000
Interest and fees	-	12,356,465			12,356,465
Total expenditures	74,323,457	24,511,465	24,445,155		123,280,077
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over					
(under) expenditures	(2,572,788)	(17,427,006)	(17,927,032)	5	(37,926,821)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES:					
Transfers in	2,374,544	18,331,843			20,706,387
Total other financing sources	2,374,544	18,331,843			20,706,387
Net change in fund balances	(198,244)	904,837	(17,927,032)	5	(17,220,434)
Fund balances, beginning of year	18,632,561	4,531,888	2,541,343	3,224	25,709,016
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 18,434,317	\$ 5,436,725	\$ (15,385,689)	\$ 3,229	\$ 8,488,582

48

FULTON COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2006

								Part B - Special	Ed	Education for the		Charter	S	Safe and Drug-Free		School Nutrition	Д	Innovative
Assets		Title I		Title II		Title III		Education	H	Homeless		School	1	Schools		Program	٦	Programs
Cash and cash equivalents Due from other governments Due from other funds Inventory	89	2,481,733	↔	926,427	⇔	182,126	≶	1,218,849 1,850,987	∽	1,208	∽	95,324	ss.	38,048	∨	16,677,628 186,097 - 463,132	∽	229,519
Total assets	↔	2,481,733	8	926,427	↔	182,126	↔	3,069,836	8	1,653	\$	95,324	⇔	38,048	~	17,326,857	~	229,519
Liabilities and Fund Balances																		
Liabilities Accounts payable	↔	386,709	€9	63,979	\$	48,461	€9	503,817	€9	•	€9	95,324	8	•	69	83,236	€9	2,916
Other payables Salaries payable		25,298 907,251		448,153		40,286		2,351,721				, ,		1,744		415,605		2,908
Due to other governments Due to other funds		2,565 1,110,736		405,141		33,903		1				91,554		35,982		, 1		223,330
Total liabilities		2,432,559		917,273		179,215		2,855,538				186,878		37,726		498,841		229,154
Fund balances Reserved for encumbrances Unreserved - undesignated		49,174		9,154		2,911		214,298		1,653		(91,554)		322		1,507,423		365
Total fund balances		49,174		9,154		2,911		214,298		1,653		(91,554)		322		16,828,016		365
Total liabilities and fund balances	↔	2,481,733	↔	926,427	S	182,126	5	3,069,836	↔	1,653	↔	95,324	↔	38,048	€9	17,326,857	÷	229,519
Continued																		

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2006

Assets	,	Title V Part D		Lottery	Ged Depart Comn Aff	Georgia Department of Community Affairs	1 0	Other Federal Grants		Other State Grants	٦	Other Local Grants		Other Grants		Total
Cash and cash equivalents Due from other governments Due from other funds Inventory	69	43,649	↔	1,263,877	∞	090,68	s 9	144,586	€9	294,849	₩	986,386	69	6,484	69	20,538,341 6,178,941 110,039 463,132
Total assets	æ	43,649	S	1,354,375	\$	89,060	~	144,586	8	314,390	es.	986,386	↔	6,484	S	27,290,453
Liabilities and Fund Balances																
Liabilities Accounts payable	60	5,901	€	2,302	69		8	73,198	€	25,411	∨	7,957	€	•	€9	1,299,211
Outer payable Salaries payable		1,400		1,260,001				3,800				31,203				5,464,072
Due to other governments Due to other funds		33,451		162		'		72,593				' '				2,006,852
Total liabilities		40,752		1,264,038		'		149,591		25,411		39,160				8,856,136
Fund balances Reserved for encumbrances Unreserved - undesignated		2,897		90,337		. 090,68		(5,005)		288,979		947,226		6,484		1,507,423
Total fund balances		2,897		90,337		89,060		(5,005)		288,979		947,226		6,484		18,434,317
Total liabilities and fund balances	8	43,649	↔	1,354,375	\$	89,060	8	144,586	÷s	314,390	∞	986,386	↔	6,484	↔	27,290,453

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

	Title I	Title II	Title III	Part B - Special Education	Education for the Homeless	Charter School	Safe and Drug-Free Schools	School Nutrition Program	Innovative Programs
Revenues State sources Federal sources Local sources and other sources Total revenues	10,999,540	\$ 2,708,129 3,804 2,711,933	\$ 903,404	17,566,909	100,428	\$ 346,595 - 346,595	403,376	\$ 15,033,483 16,006,045 31,039,528	336,865
Expenditures Instruction Support services Pupil services	109,115,001	2,485,939	234,990	13,800,340	167,1	193,497	79,173	, ,	
Improvement of instructional services General administration Student transnortation	2,898,391	411,559	324,472	17,166		251,694	315,785	1 4	307,130 4,195
services Services Other support services Food services operations Total expenditures	1,038,368	11,935	911,475	279,898	98,739	445,191	403,151	31,020,305	26,665
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures Other financing sources Transfers in Total other financing sources	29,849	(244,654) 232,527 232,527	(8,071)	165,904 5,817 5,817	(102)	(98,596)	225	19,223	(1,125)
Net change in fund balances Fund balances, beginning of year Fund balances, end of year	29,849 19,325 \$ 49,174	(12,127) 21,281 \$ 9,154	(8,071) 10,982 \$ 2,911	171,721 42,577 \$ 214,298	(102) 1,755 \$ 1,653	(98,596) 7,042 \$ (91,554)	97	19,223 16,808,793 \$ 16,828,016	(1,125) 1,490 \$ 365

Continued

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

	Title V Part D	Lottery	Georgia Department of Community Affairs	Other Federal Grants	Other State Grants	Other Local Grants	Other	Total
Revenues State sources Federal sources Local sources and other sources Total revenues	\$ 110,872	\$ 6,235,191	9	\$ 737,842 - 737,842	35,000	192,686	ω.	\$ 6,265,691 49,247,443 16,227,535 71,730,669
Expenditures Instruction Support services	7,963	7,182,934	•	51,256	75,022	384,704	,	31,009,210
Pupil services Improvement of	92,504	884,583			2,273	26,262		4,266,481
instructional services General administration General administration Chudant transcratation	2,044	42,122 102,199		710,404		182,810 1,566		5,461,533
services Other support services	5,464	8,490				3,519		283,417
roou services operations Total expenditures	107,975	8,220,328		765,573	77,295	606,361		74,323,457
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	2,897	(1,985,137)		(27,731)	(11,795)	(413,675)		(2,572,788)
Other financing sources Transfers in Total other financing		1,985,139		30,084	•	120,977		2,374,544
Net change in fund balances	2,897	2		2,353	(11,795)	(292,698)		(198,244)
Fund balances, beginning of year		90,335	090'68	(7,358)	300,774	1,239,924	6,484	18,632,561
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 2,897	\$ 90,337	090'68	\$ (5,005)	\$ 288,979	\$ 947,226	\$ 6,484	\$ 18,434,317

FULTON COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2006

<u>Assets</u>		1998 Local Capital Project Fund	tate Projects nds	Total Nonmajor pital Projects Funds
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	-	\$ -	\$
Liabilities and Fund Balances				
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$	754	\$ -	\$ 754
Due to other funds		15,384,935	-	15,384,935
Total liabilities	_	15,385,689	 	 15,385,689
Fund balances				
Unreserved - undesignated		(15,385,689)	 	 (15,385,689)
Total fund balances		(15,385,689)	 	(15,385,689)
Total liabilities and				
fund balances	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
	_			

FULTON COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION COMBINING STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

	1998 Local Capital Project Fund	State Capital Projects Funds	Total Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds
Revenues			
State funds	\$ -	\$ 6,518,123	\$ 6,518,123
Total revenues		6,518,123	6,518,123
Expenditures			
Capital outlay	17,927,032	6,518,123	24,445,155
Total expenditures	17,927,032	6,518,123	24,445,155
Net change in fund balances	(17,927,032)	-	(17,927,032)
Fund balances, beginning of year	2,541,343		2,541,343
Fund balances, end of year	\$ (15,385,689)	\$ -	\$ (15,385,689)

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX

Description	 Budget	Prior Years Expenditures	_	urrent Year expenditures	1	Cumulative Expenditures
1997 SPLOST Capital Program						
Construction and renovations	\$ 439,100,000	\$ 366,661,833	\$	7,641,976	\$	374,303,809
Debt service	 70,900,000	62,202,181		13,674,955	_	75,877,136
Total	\$ 510,000,000	\$ 428,864,014	\$	21,316,931	\$	450,180,945
2002 SPLOST Capital Program						
Construction and renovations	\$ 525,100,000	\$ 336,333,094	\$	57,863,034	\$	394,196,128
Debt service	 43,300,000	 49,323,500		9,672,560		58,996,060
Total	\$ 568,400,000	\$ 385,656,594	\$	67,535,594	\$	453,192,188

FULTON COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF LOTTERY EXPENDITURES - BY OBJECT

	Pre-Kindergarten			
Expenditures:				
Salaries - teachers	\$	3,833,311		
Salaries - teachers' aides and				
paraprofessionals		1,791,441		
Salaries - clerical		70,553		
Salaries - other		709,865		
Employee benefits		1,586,357		
Purchased professional and				
technical services		360		
Student transportation services		23,171		
Communication		1,226		
Travel - employees		7,401		
Materials and supplies		193,060		
Food service supplies		3,583		
Total expenditures	\$	8,220,328		

FULTON COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION QUALITY BASIC EDUCATION PROGRAM EARNINGS AND EXPENDITURES - BY PROGRAM

		Allotments from Georgia		Actual State Funded Expenditures (2)					
Description	Department of Education (1)		Salaries		Operations		Total		
Kindergarten Program	\$	24,265,028	\$	28,449,835	\$	513,478	\$	28,963,313	
Kindergarten Program -									
Early Intervention Program		1,765,087		1,547,852		5,424		1,553,276	
Primary Grades (1-3) Program		54,007,678		81,816,467		3,993,284		85,809,751	
Primary Grades - Early Intervention Program		3,651,726		3,925,485		16,281		3,941,766	
Upper Elementary Grades (4-5) Program		24,991,411		27,055,385		1,806,089		28,861,474	
Upper Elementary Grades -									
Early Intervention (4-5) Program		2,499,076		2,546,119		10,621		2,556,740	
Middle Grades (6-8) Program		1,988,740		13,845,723		2,157		13,847,880	
Middle School (6-8) Program		41,007,707		43,672,364		3,416,448		47,088,812	
High School General Education (9-12) Program		43,435,237		62,861,824		4,888,977		67,750,801	
Vocational Laboratory (9-12) Program		6,074,899		8,421,814		498,376		8,920,190	
Students with Disabilities (Categories I - V)		37,461,327		50,855,007		1,631,272		52,486,279	
Gifted Student - Category VI		17,536,038		14,255,279		83,076		14,338,355	
Remedial Education Program		2,128,259		1,380,118		8,731		1,388,849	
Alternative Education Program		3,448,751		6,435,655		255,119		6,690,774	
English Speakers of Other Languages (ESOL)		5,274,078		10,669,218		288,945		10,958,163	
Total Direct Instruction Funds		269,535,042		357,738,145		17,418,278		375,156,423	
Media Center Program		7,531,368		10,103,510		2,950,795		13,054,305	
20 Days Additional Instruction		2,325,985		2,991,226		9,591		3,000,817	
Staff and Professional Development		1,595,998		1,867,866		638,971		2,506,837	
Total QBE Formula Funds	\$	280,988,393	\$	372,700,747	\$	21,017,635	\$	393,718,382	

⁽¹⁾ Comprised of state funds plus local five mill share.

⁽²⁾ Eligible QBE program costs are based upon the School System's cash basis salary expenditures, and do not include certain salaries earned by employees of the School System as of June 30, 2006, but not paid until the subsequent year. Similar amounts earned but not paid as of June 30, 2005 are included in eligible QBE program costs in this schedule. Eligible costs also do not include local salary amounts paid over and above the state minimum salary schedule amounts, nor locally provided benefits.